

LABOKLIN GmbH & Co. KG · Steubenstraße 4 · 97688 Bad Kissingen

Falköpings Smaadjursklinik  
Agnestadsgatan 3  
52140 Falköping  
Schweden

**Report No.:** **2204-W-27729**  
Date of arrival: 16.04.2022  
Date of report: 20.04.2022  
Testing started: 16.04.2022  
Testing completed:

Species:	Dog
Breed:	Labrador Retriever
Gender:	Male
Name:	Zören
Stud book No.:	SE 30079/2021
Chip No.:	968000011263553
Date of birth / Age:	26.03.2021
Type of sample:	EDTA-Blood
Date sample was taken:	11.04.2022
Treating veterinarian:	Sarah Stading
Owner / Animal-ID:	Schmidt, Marita
IT No. / Report-ID:	---

## **STGD-PRA (Stargardt disease) - PCR**

Result: Genotype N/N

Interpretation: The examined animal is homozygous for the wildtype allele. It does not carry the causative mutation for STGD in the ABCA4 gene.

Trait of inheritance: autosomal recessive

Scientific studies found correlation between the mutation and symptoms of the disease in the following breeds:  
Labrador Retriever

## **Degenerative Myelopathy - PCR**

Result: Genotype N/N (exon 2)

Interpretation: The examined animal is homozygous for the wildtype-allele. It does not carry the high-risk factor for DM in exon 2 of the SOD1-gene.

Trait of inheritance: autosomal-recessive

Please note: In the Bernese Mountain Dog breed the mutation in exon 1 of the SOD1-gene also occurs in correlation with DM.

**Exercise Induced Collapse (EIC) - PCR**

Result: Genotype N/N

Interpretation: The examined animal is homozygous for the wildtype-allele. It does not carry the causative mutation for EIC in the DNMT1-gene.

Trait of inheritance: autosomal-recessive

Scientific studies found correlation between the mutation and symptoms of the disease in the following breeds: Boykin Spaniel, Chesapeake Bay Retriever, Clumber Spaniel, Curly Coated Retriever, Labrador Retriever, Old English Sheepdog, Pembroke Welsh Corgi and Wirehaired Pointer

**Hereditary nasal parakeratosis (HNPk) - PCR**

Result: Genotype N/N

Interpretation: The examined animal is homozygous for the wildtype-allele. It does not carry the causative mutation for HNPk in the SUV39H2-gene.

Trait of inheritance: autosomal-recessive

Scientific studies found correlation between the mutation and symptoms of the disease in the following breeds: Labrador Retriever

**Dwarfism (Skeletal Dysplasia 2) - PCR**

Result: Genotype N/N

Interpretation: The examined animal is homozygous for the wildtype-allele. It does not carry the causative mutation for SD2 in the COL11A2-gene.

Trait of inheritance: autosomal-recessive

Scientific studies found correlation between the mutation and symptoms of the disease in the following breeds: Labrador Retriever

**Hereditary myopathy (CNM) - PCR**

pending

**prcd-PRA (partner lab) - PCR**

pending

Scientific studies found correlation between the mutation and symptoms of the disease in the following breeds: Australian cattle dog, American Cocker Spaniel, American Eskimo Dog, Australian Shepherd, Australian Stumpy Tail Cattle Dog, Barbet, Bearded Collie, Bolognese, Bolonka Zwetna, Chesapeake Bay Retriever, Chihuahua, Chinese Crested, English Cocker Spaniel, English Shepherd, Entlebucher Mountain Dog, Finnish Lapphund, German Spitz, Giant Schnauzer, Golden Retriever, Jack Russell Terrier, Karelian Beardog, Kuvasz, Lagotto Romagnolo, Lapponian Herder, Labrador Retriever, Markiesje, Norwegian Elkhound, Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever, Parson Russell Terrier, Portugese Water Dog, Poodle, Schipperke, Swedish Lapphund, Silky Terrier, Spanish Water Dog, Swedish Lapphund, Wäller, Yorkshire Terrier.

**Retinal dysplasia (OSD) - PCR**

pending

**B-locus (brown, chocolate, liver(nose))**

This genetic analysis of the B-locus includes the three variants bd, bc and bs described for all breeds so far, as well as the corresponding wildtypes as allele N.

**Variant bd**

Result for bd: Genotype N/N (before B/B)

Interpretation: No bd-allele was found for this sample.

**Variant bc**

Result for bc: Genotype N/N (before B/B)

Interpretation: No bc-allele was found for this sample.

**Variant bs**

Result for bs: Genotype N/N (before B/B)

Interpretation: No bs-allele was found for this sample.

When one of the variants is found homozygous, dark pigment (eumelanin) changes in colour accordingly. When several variants of the B-locus are found in heterozygous state, it is not possible to directly determine the influence on the eumelanin.

The overall genotype for the B-locus-complex can only be deduced if all known variants on the B-locus (bd, bc, bs, b4 and be) are analysed. Some of these alleles only exist in specific breeds.

Please note: The nomenclature of the results has been changed due to harmonizing efforts for genetic tests.

The current result is only valid for the sample submitted to our laboratory. The sender is responsible for the correct information regarding the sample material. The laboratory can not be made liable. Furthermore, any obligation for compensation is limited to the value of the tests performed.

There is a possibility that other mutations may have caused the disease/phenotype. The analysis was performed according to the latest knowledge and technology.

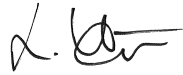
The laboratory is accredited for the performed tests according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018. (except partner lab tests).

**Breeding club discounts were granted for discountable services!**

These results are based on the sample material submitted to our laboratory.

This was suitable if not stated otherwise. The submitter is responsible for the accuracy of the information regarding the sample. This report can only be transmitted in toto and unchanged. Doing otherwise requires written permission from Laboklin GmbH & Co. KG.

**LABOKLIN is an accredited laboratory according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018, DAkkS No. D-PL-13186-01-01 and D-PL-13186-1-02. The accreditation applies to all test procedures listed in the accreditation certificate.**



Fr. MSc Laura Hübner  
Abt. Molekularbiologie

**\*\*\* END of report \*\*\***



Laboklin App

### **Tick season has begun!**

We offer different PCR profiles for humans and animals to examine for vector-borne infections in ticks, for example the frequently detected Borrelia, TBE and Anaplasma. Please send the tick as a whole in a non-breakable and well sealable container.